§ 600.353

§ 600.353 Disputes and appeals.

Consistent with 10 CFR 600.22 and part 1024, recipients have the right to appeal certain decisions by contracting officers.

AFTER-THE-AWARD REQUIREMENTS

§ 600.360 Purpose.

Sections 600.361 through 600.363 contain procedures for closeout and for subsequent disallowances and adjustments.

§ 600.361 Closeout procedures.

- (a) Recipients must submit, within 90 calendar days after the date of completion of the award, all reports required by the terms and conditions of the award. DOE may approve extensions when requested by the recipient.
- (b) The following provisions must apply to the closeout:
- (1) Unless DOE authorizes an extension, a recipient must liquidate all obligations incurred under the award not later than 90 calendar days after the funding period or the date of completion of the award as specified in the terms and conditions of the award or in agency implementing instructions.
- (2) DOE must make prompt, final payments to a recipient for allowable reimbursable costs under the award being closed out.
- (3) The recipient must promptly refund any unobligated balances of cash that DOE has advanced or paid and that are not authorized to be retained by the recipient for use in other projects. OMB Circular A-129 governs unreturned amounts that become delinquent debts.
- (4) When authorized by the terms and conditions of the award, the contracting officer must make a settlement for any upward or downward adjustments to the Federal share of costs after closeout reports are received.
- (5) The recipient must account for any real property and equipment acquired with Federal funds or received from the Federal Government in accordance with §§ 600.321 through 600.325.
- (6) If a final audit is required and has not been performed prior to the close-out of an award, DOE retains the right to recover an appropriate amount after fully considering the recommendations

on disallowed costs resulting from the final audit.

§ 600.362 Subsequent adjustments and continuing responsibilities.

- (a) The closeout of an award does not affect any of the following:
- (1) The right of DOE to disallow costs and recover funds on the basis of a later audit or other review.
- (2) The obligation of the recipient to return any funds due as a result of later refunds, corrections, or other transactions.
 - (3) Audit requirements in §600.316.
- (4) Property management requirements in §§ 600.321 through 600.325.
- (5) Records retention requirements in §600.342.
- (b) After closeout of an award, the continuing responsibilities under an award may be modified or ended in whole or in part with the consent of the contracting officer and the recipient, provided property management requirements are considered and provisions made for the continuing responsibilities of the recipient, as appropriate.

§ 600.363 Collection of amounts due.

- (a) Any funds paid to a recipient in excess of the amount to which the recipient is finally determined to be entitled under the terms and conditions of the award constitute a debt to the Federal Government. If not paid within 30 days after the demand for payment, DOE may reduce the debt in accordance with the procedures and techniques described in 10 CFR part 1015 and OMB Circular A-129, including:
- (1) Making an administrative offset against other requests for reimbursements.
- (2) Withholding advance payments otherwise due to the recipient.
- (3) Taking other action permitted by statute or regulation.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided by law, DOE may charge interest and administrative fees on an overdue debt in accordance with 31 CFR Chapter IX, parts 900–904, "Federal Claims Collection Standards."

Department of Energy

Additional Provisions

§ 600.380 Purpose.

The purpose of "Additional Provisions" is to provide alternative requirements for recipients otherwise covered by this subpart D, when they are performing under Small Business Innovation Research grants.

§ 600.381 Special provisions for Small Business Innovation Research Grants.

- (a) General. This section contains provisions applicable to the Small Business Innovation Reserach (SBIR) Program.
- (b) Provisions Applicable to Phase I SBIR Awards: Phase I SBIR awards may be made on a fixed obligation basis, subject to the following requirements.
- (1) While proposed costs must be analyzed in detail to ensure consistency with applicable cost principles, incurred costs are not subject to review under the standards of cost allowability.
- (2) Although detailed budgets are submitted by a recipient and reviewed by DOE for purposes of establishing the amount to be awarded, budget categories are not stipulated in making an award:
- (3) Prior approval from the DOE for rebudgeting among categories by the recipient is not required. Prior approval from DOE is required for any variation from the requirement that no more than one-third of Phase I work can be done by subcontractors or consortium partners;
- (4) Pre-award expenditure approval is not required:
- (5) Payments are to be made in the same manner as other financial assistance (see §600.312), except that, when determined appropriate by the cognizant program official and contracting officer, a lump sum payment may be made. If a lump sum payment is made, the award must contain a condition that requires the recipient to return to DOE amounts remaining unexpended at the end of the project if those amounts exceed \$500;
- (6) Recipients will certify in writing to the Contracting Officer at the end of the project that the activity was com-

pleted or the level of effort was expended. Should the activity or effort not be carried out, the recipeint would be expected to make appropriate reimbursements:

- (7) Requirements for periodic reports may be established for each award so long as they are consistent with \$600.341:
- (8) Changes in principal investigator or project leader, scope of effort, or institution, require the prior approval of DOE
- (c) Provision Applicable to Phase II SBIR Awards. Phase II SBIR awards may be made for a single budget period of 24 months.
- (d) Provisions Applicable to Phase I and Phase II SBIR Awards. (1) The prior approval of the cognizant DOE Contracting Officer is required before the final budget period of the project period may be extended without additional funds.
- (2) A fee or profit may be paid to SBIR recipients.

APPENDIX A TO SUBPART D OF PART 600—PATENT AND DATA PROVISIONS

- Patent Rights (Small Business Firms and Nonprofit Organizations)
- 2. Patent Rights (Large Business Firms)—No Waiver
- 3. Rights in Data—General
- 4. Rights in Data—Programs Covered Under Special Protected Data Statutes

PATENT RIGHTS (SMALL BUSINESS FIRMS AND NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS)

(a) Definitions

Invention means any invention or discovery which is or may be patentable or otherwise protectable under title 35 of the United States Code, or any novel variety of plant which is or may be protected under the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 2321 et seq.).

Made when used in relation to any invention means the conception or first actual reduction to practice of such invention.

Nonprofit organization means a university or other institution of higher education or an organization of the type described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)) and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 501(a)) or any nonprofit scientific or educational organization qualified under a State nonprofit organization statute.

Practical application means to manufacture in the case of a composition or product, to practice in the case of a process or method,